WS/FCS Unit Planning Organizer

Subject(s)	Social Studies	Conceptual Lenses
Grade/Course	6 th grade	Government Systems
Unit of Study	Ancient Rome	Citizenship
Unit Title	Ancient Rome	Expansion
Pacing	16 days	·

	Unit Overview				
The points o	f focus in this unit:				
•	Geography:				
	 Physical characteristics 				
	 Geography's influence on development of Ancient Roman civilization 				
•	Rise of Roman Republic:				
	 Legendary beginnings 				
	 Structure of Roman Republic 				
	 Social Structure of Ancient Rome 				
	 Rights & Responsibilities of citizens in Roman Republic 				
	 Laws in the Roman Republic 				
•	Republic to Empire:				
	 How did Roman Republic become an Empire? 				
	 Trade & its effects on Romans 				
	 Trade causes cultural exchange 				
•	Roman Culture:				
	 Roman architecture 				
	 Roman forms of entertainment 				
	 Roman mythology 				
	 Origins of Christianity & main beliefs 				
	 Impact of Christianity on Roman Empire 				
•	Decline of the Roman Empire:				
	 Causes for the Fall of Rome 				

Unit Enduring Understanding(s)	Unit Essential Question(s)
 Internal and external factors allow civilizations to expand and also cause their collapse. Societies have requirements for citizenship. Cultural expressions reflect the values and beliefs of a society. 	 What causes civilizations to expand and collapse? What are the requirements for citizenship in societies? Based on the cultural expressions of the Roman Empire, what can you tell about their values and beliefs?

Essential State Standards				
Priority Objectives	Supporting Objectives			
 6.G.1.1 Explain how the physical features and human characteristics of a place influenced the development of civilizations, societies and regions. 6.H.2.1 Explain how invasions, conquests, and migrations affected various civilizations, societies, and regions. 6.C&G.1.1 Explain the origins and structures of various governmental systems. 6.C&G.1.3 Compare the requirements for and responsibilities of citizenship under various governments. 6.C&G.1.4 Compare the role and evolution of laws and legal systems in various civilizations, societies and regions. 6.C.1.1 Analyze how cultural expressions reflected the values of civilizations, societies and regions. 6.C.1.3 Summarize systems of social structure within various civilizations and societies over time. 	 6.H.2.4 Explain the role that key historical figures and cultural groups had in transforming society. 6.G.1.2 Explain the factors that influenced the movement of people, goods, and ideas and the effects of that movement on societies and regions over time. 6.C&G.1.2 Summarize the ideas that shaped political thought in various civilizations, societies, and regions. 6.E.1.2 Explain how quality of life is impacted by economic choices of civilizations, societies and regions. 6.C.1.2 Explain how religion transformed various societies, civilizations and regions. 			

"Unpacked" Skills (students need to be able to do)	COGNITION (RBT Level)	
 6.G.1.1 Explain the influence of physical features and human characteristics 	6.G.1.1 Understand	
 6.H.2.1 Explain invasions, conquests, and migrations 	6.H.2.1 Understand	
 6.C&G.1.1 Explain the governmental systems. 	<i>6.C&G.1.1</i> Understand	
 6.C&G.1.3 Compare the requirements for and responsibilities of citizenship 	<i>6.C&G.1.3</i> Understand	
 6.C&G.1.4 Compare laws and legal systems 	6.C&G.1.4 Understand	
 6.C.1.1 Analyze how cultural expressions reflected the values of civilizations, societies and regions. 	6.C.1.1 Analyze	
 6.C.1.3 Summarize systems of social structure within various civilizations and societies over time. 	<i>6.C.1.3</i> Understand	
	 (students need to be able to do) 6.G.1.1 Explain the influence of physical features and human characteristics 6.H.2.1 Explain invasions, conquests, and migrations 6.C&G.1.1 Explain the governmental systems. 6.C&G.1.3 Compare the requirements for and responsibilities of citizenship 6.C&G.1.4 Compare laws and legal systems 6.C.1.1 Analyze how cultural expressions reflected the values of civilizations, societies and regions. 6.C.1.3 Summarize systems of social structure within various civilizations and societies over 	

Essential Vocabulary	Enrichment Vocabulary		
republic	Gospels		
province	Apostles		
tolerate	Centuries/ Centurions		
persecute	Gladiators		
structure (social, government, economic, etc)	Resurrection		
tenet	Decline		
elect/election	Magistrates		
civil war	Enrichment Factual Content		
wealth	Hannibal		
corruption	Military Training/ Structure		
	Nero		
	Pompeii		
	Punic Wars		

Unit "Chunking" & Enduring Understandings	Suggested Lesson Essential Questions	Potential Factual Content	North Carolina Essential Standards
Geography	How did the human and physical characteristics of Ancient Rome influence the development of civilization?	 Alps Appinies Mt. Vesuvius Peninsula Tiber River Hills Mediterranean climate Islands- Sicily & Sardinia Mountains- protected from outsiders, made it difficult to cross peninsula Cities developed along rivers- Rome on the Tiber Proximity to Greece led to interaction 	 6.G.1.1 Explain how the physical features and human characteristics of a place influenced the development of civilizations, societies and regions. 6.G.1.2 Explain the factors that influenced the movement of people, goods, and ideas and the effects of that movement on societies and regions over time.
<i>Rise of the Roman Republic</i>	According to legend, how was the city of Rome and its early form of government established? How would you describe the structure of the Roman Republic?	 Aeneus Romulus & Remus monarchy Etruscan kings Elected Consuls Senate Assemblies Tribunes magistrates 	6.C&G.1.1 Explain the origins and structures of various governmental systems. 6.C&G.1.1 Explain the origins and structures of various governmental systems. 6.C&G.1.2 Summarize the ideas that shaped political thought in various

	What was the social structure that existed in Ancient Rome?	 Plebians Patricians Role of Women Slaves 	civilizations, societies, and regions. 6.C.1.3 Summarize systems of social structure within various civilizations and societies over time.
	What were the rights and responsibilities of citizens in the Roman Republic?	 Rights: trial, being priests & magistrates, vote Responsibilities: military service, tributes/taxes, voting 	6.C&G.1.3 Compare the requirements for and responsibilities of citizenship under various governments.
	How did the Law of the 12 Tables in Rome compare to the Code of Hammurabi and the 10 Commandments?	 Written codes of law Posted in the Forum Protected rights and property of citizens Punishments Religious vs. secular 	6.C&G.1.4 Compare the role and evolution of laws and legal systems in various civilizations, societies and regions.
Republic to Empire	What caused the Roman Republic to become an Empire and how was that empire structured?	 trade military conquests- neighbors attacked, Rome won & took control of their land growing territory = problems Julius Caesar Structure= Emperor & military legions to enforce Roman rule in provinces 	6.H.2.1 Explain how invasions, conquests, and migrations affected various civilizations, societies, and regions.
	How did an increase in trade affect the quality of life for Romans?	 Traders brought goods from Asia & Africa that Romans had never seen Roman goods traded throughout empire & Roman merchants became wealthy Trade prompted coinage which caused an increase in trade as Roman coins were accepted almost everywhere Building of roads to benefit trade & move military to 	6.E.1.2 Explain how quality of life is impacted by economic choices of civilizations, societies and regions.

	How did the creation of the Roman Empire and increased trade promote cultural exchange?	 protect trade/territories Aquaducts & advanced weapons created- made life better/safer for Romans Taxation was required for funding of these improvements Goods brought from Asia- silk, tea, spices, porcelain Roman goods- glass, jewelry & clothing traded with Asia Roman ideas (philosophies, architecture, etc) spread to other parts of the world through trade contacts 	6.G.1.2 Explain the factors that influenced the movement of people, goods, and ideas and the effects of that movement on societies and regions over time.
Roman Culture	What were the characteristics of and the most famous examples of Roman architecture?	 Arch Roads Aquaducts Roman baths Pantheon Colosseum Forum Circus Maximus 	<i>6.C.1.1</i> Analyze how cultural expressions reflected the values of civilizations, societies and regions.
	What were the most popular forms of Roman entertainment?	Chariot racesGladiatorsTheater	6.C.1.1 Analyze how cultural expressions reflected the values of civilizations, societies and regions.
	How did the Roman gods & goddesses compare to those worshipped by the Greeks?	 Juno Jupiter Venus Mars Mercury Apollo Neptune 	6.C.1.1 Analyze how cultural expressions reflected the values of civilizations, societies and regions.
	How was Christianity started and what are the main tenets of this religion?	 Foundations in Judaism Life & teachings of Jesus Messiah Crucifixion & Resurrection Apostles 	6.C.1.2 Explain how religion transformed various societies, civilizations and regions.

	How did the rise o Christianity impac Roman Empire?		 Persecut Constant Constant Justinian 	tine	 6.C.1.2 Explain how religion transformed various societies, civilizations and regions. 6.H.2.4 Explain the role that key historical figures and cultural groups had in transforming society.
Decline of the Roman Empire	What were the fac led to the fall of th Empire?		 Internal: Fighting between provincial leaders Taxation Corruption Population decrease Soldiers for hire- not serving out of loyalty Civil wars- division into East & West External: Too large to defend & rule Outside invaders 		 6.H.2.1 Explain how invasions, conquests, and migrations affected various civilizations, societies, and regions. 6.E.1.2 Explain how quality of life is impacted by economic choices of civilizations, societies and regions.
Sub Concepts					
HISTORY Colonization Invasion	GEOGRAPHY Resources Place	CIVICS & GOVERNI Authority Rights & Responsib		ECONOMICS Trade Resources	CULTURE Religion Influence

Language Objective EXAMPLES

- Key Vocabulary LO: SWBAT <u>define and explain</u> the terms *republic, province, persecute.*
- Language Functions LO: SWBAT <u>explain</u> how environments can influence the development of civilizations.
- Language Skills LO: SWBAT <u>read</u> two passages about the laws in two different societies and <u>identify the similarities and differences</u> between the two. (*Reading passages should be chosen/modified in accordance with the LEP students' zone of proximal development*).
- Grammar and Language LO: SWBAT <u>use comparatives</u> in writing assignments (*more than, less than, greater, shorter, longer, etc.*) by <u>comparing</u> the laws of two different societies. *Ex. Hammurabi's Code was HARSHER than the laws of the Romans*.
- Lesson Tasks LO: SWBAT <u>read and summarize</u> a passage about Christianity and <u>explain</u> this summary to a group.
- Language Learning Strategy LO: SWBAT develop a cause/effect graphic organizer analyzing and identifying the causes and effects of Roman expansion. (The linguistic load will vary from LEP student to LEP student. Level 1-2 LEP students may need a word bank or other supplement to complete this activity using this strategy).